

List of Disorders Screened

Amino Acid Profile (AA) Disorders

Argininemia (Arginase Deficiency)
 Carbamoylphosphate Synthetase I Deficiency
 Citrullinemia
 *Type I (Argininosuccinate Synthetase Deficiency)
 Type II (Citrin Deficiency)
 *Argininosuccinate Lyase Deficiency (Argininosuccinic Aciduria)
 \$Nonketotic Hyperglycinemia
 due to Glycine Cleavage System H Protein Deficiency
 due to Aminomethyltransferase Deficiency
 due to Glycine Decarboxylase Deficiency
 *Homocystinuria or variant forms of Hypermethioninemia
 Hypermethioninemia
 due to Glycine N-Methyltransferase Deficiency
 due to S-Adenosylhomocysteine Hydrolase Deficiency
 due to Methionine Adenosyltransferase Deficiency
 Hyperomithinemia-Hyperammonemia-Homocitrullinuria
 Hyperomithinemia-Hyperammonemia-Homocitrullinuria w/gyral atrophy
 *Phenylketonuria
 Benign Hyperphenylalaninemia due to:
 Phenylalanine Hydroxylase Deficiency
 GTP Cyclohydrolase I Deficiency
 Pterin-4-Alpha Carbinolamine Dehydratase Deficiency
 6-Pyruvoyltetrahydropterin Synthase Deficiency
 Biopterin defect in co-factor biosynthesis
 Biopterin defect in co-factor regeneration
 Tyrosinemia
 *Type I (Hepatorenal)
 Type II
 Type III
 *Maple Syrup Urine Disease
 Type IA
 Type IB
 Type II
 \$Ornithine transcarbonylase deficiency (OTC)

Fatty Acid Profile (FA) Disorders

*Carnitine Uptake Deficiency (CUD)
 Carnitine Palmitoyl Transferase Deficiency
 Type I (CPT I)
 Type II (CPT II)
 Short Chain AcylCoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency (SCAD)
 Glutaric Acidemia Type II (MADD or GAI)
 *Medium Chain AcylCoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency (MCAD)
 Medium/Short Chain AcylCoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency (M/SCHAD)
 2,4 Dienyl CoA Reductase Deficiency
 *Very Long Chain AcylCoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency (VLCAD)
 *Long Chain Hydroxyl AcylCoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency (LCHAD)
 Carnitine /Acylcarnitine Translocase Deficiency(CACTD)
 *Trifunctional Protein Deficiency
 *X-linked Adrenoleukodystrophy

Organic Acid Profile (OA) Disorders

*Mitochondrial Acetoacetyl CoA Thiolase (Beta Ketothiolase/SKAT) Deficiency
 *Propionic Acidemia
 *Methylmalonic Acidemia Cobalamin Disorder (CBL A, B)
 Methylmalonic Acidemia Cobalamin Disorder (CBL C, D)
 *Methylmalonyl-CoA Mutase Deficiency
 *Multiple CoA Carboxylase Deficiency
 Malonic Aciduria (MA)
 Isobutyryl CoA Dehydrogenase Deficiency (IBCD)
 *Isovaleric Acidemia (IVA)
 2 Methylbutyryl Glycinuria (2MBG)
 2 Methyl 3 Hydroxybutyric Aciduria (2M3HBA)
 *3 Hydroxy 3 Methylglutaryl CoA Lyase Deficiency (HMG)
 *3 Methyl Crotonyl CoA Carboxylase Deficiency (3 MCC)
 3 Methylglutaconyl CoA Hydratase Deficiency (3MGA)
 *Glutaric Acidemia Type I (GAI)
 Medium/Short Chain 3 hydroxyacyl CoA dehydrogenase deficiency (M/SCHAD)

Lysosomal Storage Disorders(LSD)

Krabbe
 *Pompe
 Gaucher
 Fabry
 *Mucopolysaccharidosis I (MPSI)

Other Disorders

*Congenital Hypothyroidism
 *Congenital Adrenal Hyperplasia
 *Biotinidase Deficiency
 *Classical Galactosemia
 Galactokinase Deficiency
 Galactose Epimerase Deficiency
 *Cystic Fibrosis
 *Sickle Cell Anemia
 *Sickle Beta Thalassemia
 *Hemoglobin S/C Disease
 Other Variant Hemoglobinopathies
 *Severe Combined Immunodeficiency
 T-cell related lymphocyte deficiencies
 *Spinal Muscular Atrophy

Screening Mandated/Information Collection Only

*Critical Congenital Heart Defect
 *Hearing Defect

Legend

* = Core RUSP Conditions

\$ = Other disease screened not core or secondary conditions

NBS Disorder/Profile Information

TRANSFUSIONS

Unless transfusion is marked, the assumption is that the infant has not been transfused.

TOTAL GALACTOSE

Galactose results are based upon the assumption that the infant has had lactose feeding.

CYSTIC FIBROSIS

The CF DNA Mutation analysis is only performed when there is an elevated IRT.

TANDEM MASS SPECTROMETRY

(AA): Arginine, Citrulline, Cit/Arg, Glycine, Leucine, Methionine, Ornithine, Orn/Cit, Phenylalanine, Tyrosine, Phe/Tyr, Valine, Succinylacetone, Argininosuccinic Acid, Asa/Arg

(FA): C0, C4, C5, C5:1, C5DC+C6OH, C6, C8, C8/C10, C10, C10:1, C10:2, C12:1, C14, C14:1, C14:2, C14-OH, C16, C16:1, C16-OH, C18, C18:1, C18:2, C18:1-OH, C0/C16, C0/C18

(OA): C3, C3DC+C4OH, C4, C4DC+C5OH, C5, C5:1, C6-DC, C3/C2, C4DC+C5OH/C8

LYSOSOMAL DISORDERS

(LD): GAA, GALC, GBA, GLA, IDUA