

Dual Enrollment vs. Dual Credit

- “High school student in a post-secondary class”
- Teacher is a post-secondary or credentialed instructor
- Course content and assessment are managed by instructor
- Student can earn both high school and post-secondary credit.
- College credit can be transferred to other institutions
- Tennessee Dual Enrollment Grant pays for 1 class @ \$300 each semester
 - \$600 year (fall-summer)
 - Juniors and seniors eligible

- “College credit given for a high school class”
- Instructor is a high school teacher
- Course content and assessment are approved by college
- Student receives post-secondary credit by successfully passing the course and passing a final assessment
- Post-secondary credit can only be used at the issuing institution
- Tennessee Technology Center (TTC) credit can transfer statewide to any other TTC institution offering the same program

**Definitions Approved By
The P – 16 Council of Tennessee
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DUAL CREDIT

“Dual credit” – a postsecondary course or a high school course aligned to a postsecondary course that is taught at the high school by high school faculty for high school credit. Students are able to receive postsecondary credit by successfully completing the course, plus passing the assessment developed and/or recognized by the granting postsecondary institution. The institution will grant the credit upon enrollment of the student.

DUAL ENROLLMENT

“Dual enrollment” – a postsecondary course, taught either at the postsecondary institution or at the high school, by the postsecondary faculty (may be credentialed adjunct faculty), which upon successful completion of the course allows students to earn postsecondary and secondary credit concurrently. The student must meet dual enrollment eligibility under the TBR and UT policies.