

# PLT Correlations: SCIENCE GRADE 2

Revised 8/2009

## Grade 2 : Embedded Inquiry

Learning Expectations	PLT Correlations
<p><b>GLE 0207.Inq.1</b> Observe the world of familiar objects using the senses and tools.</p>	<p><b>4. Sounds Around</b> (p.26) - In Part A, students listen to and imitate sounds, comparing their loudness.</p> <p><b>15. A Few of My Favorite Things</b> (p.75) - Students identify the materials and energy used to make a favorite object. As <b>Enrichments</b>, they trace solid waste in their community, set up a Swap Shop, or use “trash” to create new products.</p> <p><b>20. Environmental Exchange Box</b> (p.92) - By exchanging boxes with classes in other regions, students compare the other regions to their own.</p> <p><b>21. Adopt a Tree</b> (p.97) - In Part A, students compare their “adopted tree” to other trees.</p> <p><b>22. Trees as Habitats</b> (p.102) - Students inventory the plants and animals that live in, on, and around trees and discover how plants and animals depend on trees in many ways.</p> <p><b>24. Nature's Recyclers</b> (p.108) - Students devise an experiment to investigate the eating habits of pill bugs or earthworms.</p> <p><b>25. Birds and Worms</b> (p.111) - Students pretend to be birds in search of colored worms or bugs. As an <b>Enrichment</b>, they compare results for different “backgrounds”.</p> <p><b>41. How Plants Grow</b> (p.179) - In the <b>Variation</b>, students grow, measure, and compare plants growing with versus without light, water, soil, or space.</p> <p><b>43. Have Seeds, Will Travel</b> (p.185) - Students observe, collect, and classify seeds according to their likely means of dispersal. In the <b>Enrichment</b>, they modify dried lima beans to allow various types of dispersal.</p> <p><b>46. Schoolyard Safari</b> (p.197) - Students go on a safari to explore a nearby habitat – the school yard – while looking for signs of animals living there.</p> <p><b>47. Are Vacant Lots Vacant?</b> (p.200) - Students stake out a “plot” and inventory the plant and animal life within the plot. In the <b>Variation</b>, students use hand lenses to closely observe plants and tiny animals along a 3-foot piece of string or within the area defined by a coat hanger stretched into a circle.</p> <p><b>48. Field, Forest and Stream</b> (p.203) - Students work in teams to investigate and record observations of both living and non-living components of three different study sites. In the <b>Variation</b>, students work in pairs to place “most” and “least” markers within a designated study site to locate extremes of light, moisture, temperature, wind, plant life, and animal life.</p> <p><b>51. Make Your Own Paper</b> (p.224) - As an <b>Enrichment</b>, students investigate how different materials affect the characteristics of the paper created.</p>

	<p><b>54. I'd Like To Visit a Place Where ...</b> (p.236) - By working on a service learning project to improve a local park, students will also learn about the community's system for managing open spaces.</p> <p><b>61. The Closer You Look</b> (p.263) - Students carefully examine tree features and parts.</p> <p><b>64. Looking at Leaves</b> (p.273) - Students explore leaf attributes such as color, shape, size, and bilateral symmetry through careful observation and various "leaf art" activities.</p> <p><b>65. Bursting Buds</b> (p.277) - Students observe tree buds throughout the year.</p> <p><b>67. How Big Is Your Tree?</b> (p.284) - Students use string or "hand-spans" to measure the distance around a tree trunk or join arms to reach around larger trunks.</p> <p><b>68. Name That Tree</b> (p.288) - Students learn more about trees through examining various identifying features.</p> <p><b>70. Soil Stories</b> (p.297) - In Part A, students use a "Soil Shake" test to separate the components of soil by their particle size. In Part B, students use a "Percolation Test" to test how well soils in different outdoor locations drain water.</p> <p><b>74. People, Places, Things</b> (p. 318) - As an <b>Enrichment</b>, students map their neighborhood.</p> <p><b>77. Trees In Trouble</b> (p.332) - Students examine trees for signs of damage or poor health and conduct experiments to determine the conditions the effects of crowding, acid, and fertilizer on seedling height and radish diameter.</p> <p><b>78. Signs of Fall</b> (p.299) - In Part A, students observe and record "signs of fall" in a wooded area. In Part B, they use a "paper chromatography" process to separate the pigments in leaves.</p> <p><b>95. Did You Notice?</b> (p.414) - Students study changes in their local environment over short and long periods to identify patterns of change.</p>	
<p><b>GLE 0207.Inq.2</b> Ask questions, make logical predictions, plan investigations, and represent data.</p> <p><b>GLE 0207.Inq.3</b> Explain the data from an investigation.</p>	<p><b>37. Reduce, Reuse, Recycle</b> (p.159) – Students plan and conduct a service learning project, and in doing so find ways to cut down on the waste they produce and improve how waste is managed in their community.</p>	

<b>Grade 2 : Embedded Technology &amp; Engineering</b>		
<b>Learning Expectations</b>	<b>Checks for Understanding</b>	<b>PLT Correlations</b>
<p><b>GLE 0207.T/E.1</b> Recognize that both natural materials and human-made tools have specific characteristics that determine their uses.</p>	<p><b>0207.T/E.1</b> Explain how simple tools are used to extend the senses, make life easier, and solve everyday problems.</p>	

<p><b>GLE 0207.T/E.2</b> Apply engineering design and creative thinking to solve practical problems.</p>	<p><b>0207.T/E.2</b> Invent designs for simple products.</p> <p><b>0207.T/E.3</b> Use tools to measure materials and construct simple products.</p>	
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<b>Grade 2 : Standard 1 - Cells</b>		
<b>Learning Expectations</b>	<b>Checks for Understanding</b>	<b>PLT Correlations</b>
<p><b>GLE 0207.1.1</b> Recognize that plants and animals are made up of smaller parts and use food, water, and air to survive.</p>	<p><b>0207.1.1</b> Design a new living thing and explain how it would acquire food, water, and air.</p>	<p><b>27. Every Tree For Itself</b> (p.117)  <b>41. How Plants Grow</b> (p. 179)  <b>61. The Closer You Look</b> (p. 263)  <b>62. To Be a Tree</b> (p. 265)  <b>63. Tree Factory</b> (p. 269)  <b>64. Looking at Leaves</b> (p.273)  <b>68. Name That Tree</b> (p.288)  <b>76. Tree Cookies</b> (p.327)</p>

<b>Grade 2 : Standard 2 - Interdependence</b>		
<b>Learning Expectations</b>	<b>Checks for Understanding</b>	<b>PLT Correlations</b>
<p><b>GLE 0207.2.1</b> Investigate the habitats of different kinds of local plants and animals.</p>	<p><b>0207.2.2</b> Investigate ways that plants and animals depend on each other.</p>	<p><b>6. Picture This</b> (p.34)  <b>8. The Forest of S.T. Shrew</b> (p.40)  <b>20. Environmental Exchange Box</b> (p.92)  <b>22. Trees as Habitats</b> (p.102)  <b>46. Schoolyard Safari</b> (p.197)  <b>47. Are Vacant Lots Vacant?</b> (p.200)  <b>48. Field, Forest and Stream</b> (p.203)  <b>49. Tropical Treehouse</b> (p.207)</p>

<b>GLE 0207.2.2</b> Investigate living things found in different places.	<b>0207.2.1</b> Draw or use pictures of a local environment to label the plants and animals.	<b>21. Adopt a Tree</b> (p.97) <b>46. Schoolyard Safari</b> (p.197) <b>47. Are Vacant Lots Vacant?</b> (p.200) <b>67. How Big Is Your Tree?</b> (p. 284)
<b>GLE 0207.2.3</b> Identify basic ways that plants and animals depend on each other.	<b>0207.2.3</b> Construct a flow chart that demonstrates how plants, animals, and the environment interact to provide basic life requirements.	<b>25. Birds and Worms</b> (p.111) <b>30. Three Cheers for Trees</b> (p.130) <b>31. Plant a Tree</b> (p.132) <b>55. Planning the Ideal Community</b> (p.239) <b>74. People, Places, Things</b> (p. 318) <b>77. Trees In Trouble</b> (p. 332)

## Grade 2 : Standard 3 - Flow of Matter and Energy

<b>Learning Expectations</b>	<b>Checks for Understanding</b>	<b>PLT Correlations</b>
<b>GLE 0207.3.1</b> Recognize that animals eat plants or other animals for food.	<b>0207.3.1</b> Describe the habitat of a particular organism based on its food, water, and air requirements.  <b>0207.3.2</b> Design a model of a habitat for an organism in which all of its needs would be met.	<b>16. Pass The Plants, Please</b> (p.77) <b>24. Nature's Recyclers</b> (p.108) <b>39. Energy Sleuths</b> (p.167)

## Grade 2 : Standard 4 - Heredity

<b>Learning Expectations</b>	<b>Checks for Understanding</b>	<b>PLT Correlations</b>
<b>GLE 0207.4.1</b> Compare the life cycles of various organisms.  <b>GLE 0207.4.2</b> Realize that parents pass along physical characteristics to their offspring.	<b>0207.4.1</b> Compare and contrast the life cycles of different organisms such as a chicken, butterfly, meal worm, frog, or human.  <b>0207.4.2</b> Sequence a collection of pictures or illustrations into the correct stages of an organism's life cycle.	<b>43. Have Seeds, Will Travel</b> (p.185) <b>79. Tree Lifecycle</b> (p.341) <b>95. Did You Notice?</b> (p.414)

	<p><b>0207.4.3</b> Look for similarities in pictures of members from the same human family.</p> <p><b>0207.4.4</b> Create a graphic organizer that compares observable traits that offspring share with their parents.</p>	
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## Grade 2 : Standard 5 - Biodiversity and Change

Learning Expectations	Checks for Understanding	PLT Correlations
<p><b>GLE 0207.5.1</b> Investigate the relationship between an animal’s characteristics and the features of the environment where it lives.</p> <p><b>GLE 0207.5.2</b> Draw conclusions from fossils about organisms that lived in the past.</p>	<p><b>0207.5.1</b> Compare and contrast the characteristics of organisms from two different environments.</p> <p><b>0207.5.2</b> Infer the characteristics needed by an organism to survive in a particular environment.</p> <p><b>0207.5.3</b> Observe fossils or pictures of fossils and make inferences about the organisms from which they originated.</p> <p><b>0207.5.4</b> Compare pictures of fossils with animals or plants that are living today.</p>	<p><b>6. Picture This</b> (p.34)  <b>8. The Forest of S.T. Shrew</b> (p.40)  <b>18. Tale of The Sun</b> (p.86)  <b>20. Environmental Exchange Box</b> (p.92)  <b>22. Trees as Habitats</b> (p.102)  <b>48. Field, Forest and Stream</b> (p.203)</p>

## Grade 2: Standard 6 - Omitted

## Grade 2 : Standard 7 – The Earth

Learning Expectations	Checks for Understanding	PLT Correlations
<p><b>GLE 0207.7.1</b> Compare and record the components of a variety of soil types.</p>	<p><b>0207.7.1</b> Sort, analyze, and compare a variety of soil types.</p>	<p><b>70. Soil Stories</b> (p. 297)</p>

<b>GLE 0207.7.2</b> Describe rocks according to their origin, size, shape, texture, and color.	<b>0207.7.2</b> Observe rocks of different sizes with a hand lens and describe these materials according to their basic features.	
<b>GLE 0207.7.3</b> Differentiate between renewable and non-renewable resources.	<b>0207.7.3</b> Identify and categorize items in the classroom made from renewable or nonrenewable resources.  <b>0207.7.4</b> Identify simple methods for reusing the earth's resources.	<b>13. We All Need Trees</b> (p.65) <b>14. Renewable Or Not?</b> (p.69) <b>15. A Few of My Favorite Things</b> (p.75) <b>32. A Forest of Many Uses</b> (p.135) <b>36. Pollution Search</b> (p.153) <b>37. Reduce, Reuse, Recycle</b> (p.159) <b>39. Energy Sleuths</b> (p.167) <b>51. Make Your Own Paper</b> (p.224) <b>54. I'd Like To Visit a Place Where ...</b> (p.236) <b>89. Trees For Many Reasons</b> (p.387)

## Grade 2 : Standard 8 - The Atmosphere

<b>Learning Expectations</b>	<b>Checks for Understanding</b>	<b>PLT Correlations</b>
<b>GLE 0207.8.1</b> Associate temperature patterns with seasonal changes.	<b>0207.8.1</b> Use records and graphs of seasonal temperature changes to draw conclusions about the weather during different times of the year.	<b>65. Bursting Buds</b> (p.277) <b>78. Signs of Fall</b> (p.299)

## Grade 2 : Standard 9 - Matter

<b>Learning Expectations</b>	<b>Checks for Understanding</b>	<b>PLT Correlations</b>
<b>GLE 0207.9.1</b> Use tools to observe the physical properties of objects.  <b>GLE 0207.9.2</b> Investigate how temperature	<b>0207.9.1</b> Use tools such as hand lenses, measurement devices, and simple arm balances to gather data about the physical properties of different objects.	

changes affect the state of matter.	<p><b>0207.9.2</b> Describe what happens when ice changes from a solid to a liquid.</p> <p><b>0207.9.3</b> Describe what happens when water is heated to the point of evaporation.</p>	
<b>GLE 0207.9.3</b> Recognize that air takes up space.	<b>0207.9.4</b> Explain what happens when a balloon is blown up and pops.	<b>37. Reduce, Reuse, Recycle</b> (p.159)

## Grade 2 : Standard 10 - Energy

Learning Expectations	Checks for Understanding	PLT Correlations
<p><b>GLE 0207.10.1</b> Explain why the sun is the primary source of the earth's energy.</p>	<p><b>0207.10.1</b> Identify and explain how the sun affects objects on the surface of the earth.</p> <p><b>0207.10.2</b> Investigate how the sun affects various objects and materials.</p>	

## Grade 2 : Standard 11 - Motion

Learning Expectations	Checks for Understanding	PLT Correlations
<p><b>GLE 0207.11.1</b> Investigate how vibrating objects produce sound.</p> <p><b>GLE 0207.11.2</b> Classify sounds according to their loudness and pitch.</p>	<p><b>0207.11.1</b> Use a variety of objects that vibrate to demonstrate how sounds are produced.</p> <p><b>0207.11.2</b> Describe the sounds produced by different types of vibrating objects.</p>	<b>4. Sounds Around</b> (p.26)